



Climate Impact Report 2025

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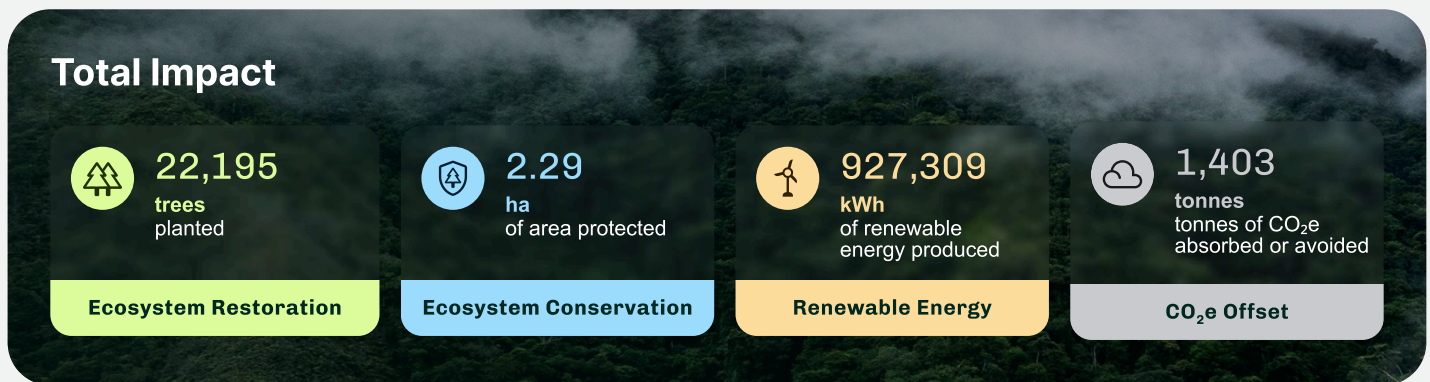
Touching Bases: WBSC's Impactful Reach in 2025

The **WBSC**, with 192 National Federations across 142 countries, organises prestigious events like the *Baseball and Softball World Cups*, placing a great emphasis on values of fair play and respect. Committed to sustainability, the WBSC sought to measure and mitigate its carbon footprint, aiming to actively address climate change.

After assessing its carbon footprint, **WBSC made a proactive decision to involve its employees in a solution to offset their environmental impact.**

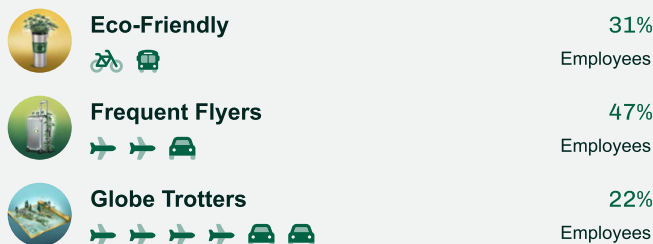
This initiative involves supporting various environmental projects to effectively mitigate the carbon footprint generated by their staff.

In 2023, 2024 and 2025 they actively supported **six projects** in three different continents, aiming at regenerating degraded ecosystems through mangrove planting activities, protecting biodiversity hotspots on the deforestation frontier, and accelerating the clean energy transition.



The monthly subscription includes an investment in the Mahindra solar farm, a certified project that enables **WBSC** to offset a portion of its employees' emissions based on their work travel, commuting habits, and lifestyle. Employees are categorised into three levels: Eco-Friendly, Frequent Flyers, and Globe Trotters.

Employee Breakdown:





Through the investments made, **WBSC has generated positive impact** in six different projects, ranging from tropical forest conservation and mangrove ecosystem restoration to renewable energy generation.



Most of our Nature-based Projects are located on the equatorial belt, which is distinguished by its abundance of biodiversity hotspots.

[Learn more](#)



WBSC has supported the protection of the Canandé and Narupa Reserves in Ecuador, mangrove restoration projects at the Marovolavo Planting Site in Madagascar and in the Tana River Delta in Kenya, as well as the generation of clean energy through wind turbines in Tamil Nadu and solar power at the Mahindra Solar Farm in India.

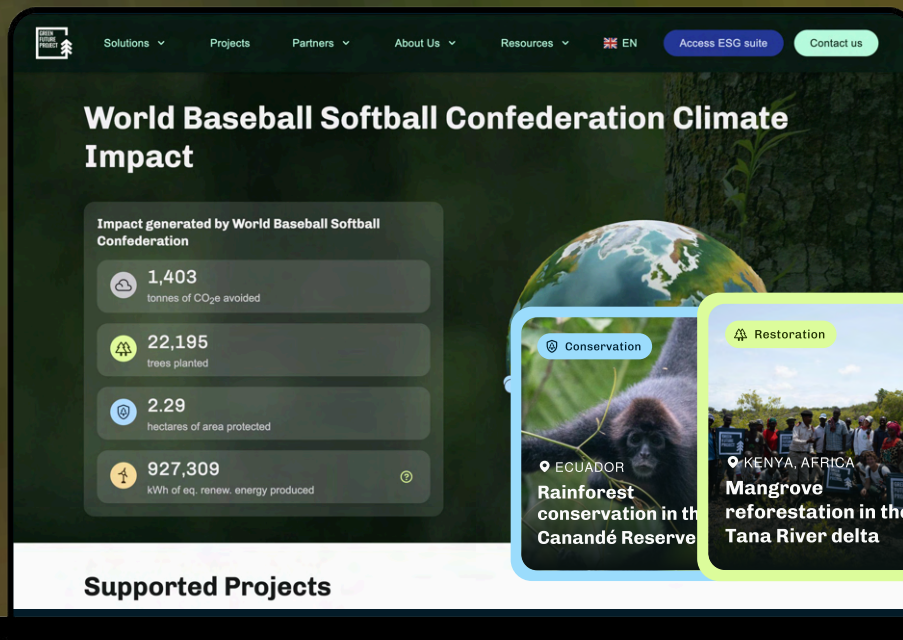
These initiatives translate into tangible, **measurable results**: 1,403 tonnes of CO₂e absorbed, 22,195 trees planted across two ecosystems, and 2.29 hectares of natural habitat protected and 927,309 kWh of equivalent renewable energy produced.

Through GFP's **Climate Action Dashboard**, these results are presented in a clear and transparent way, enabling stakeholders to track projects, monitor progress over time, and visualise the impact in one place.

Beyond the numbers, this effort represents thousands of hours of local work, hundreds of seedlings nurtured, and the protection of beautiful species that call these ecosystems *home*.



Metrics shown reflect cumulative outcomes across conservation and mangrove restoration sites



[Discover the Dashboard](#)



Conservation

Canandé Reserve in Ecuador



Nestled in **Ecuador’s Chocó rainforest**, one of the most biodiverse regions on Earth, the **Canandé Reserve** shelters endangered species such as jaguars, pumas, and over 30 endemic bird species.

After decades of deforestation, only a small fraction of this unique forest remains, making protection urgent. Tropical forests like Canandé act as powerful carbon sinks, storing carbon and helping to stabilise the climate while preserving irreplaceable habitats.

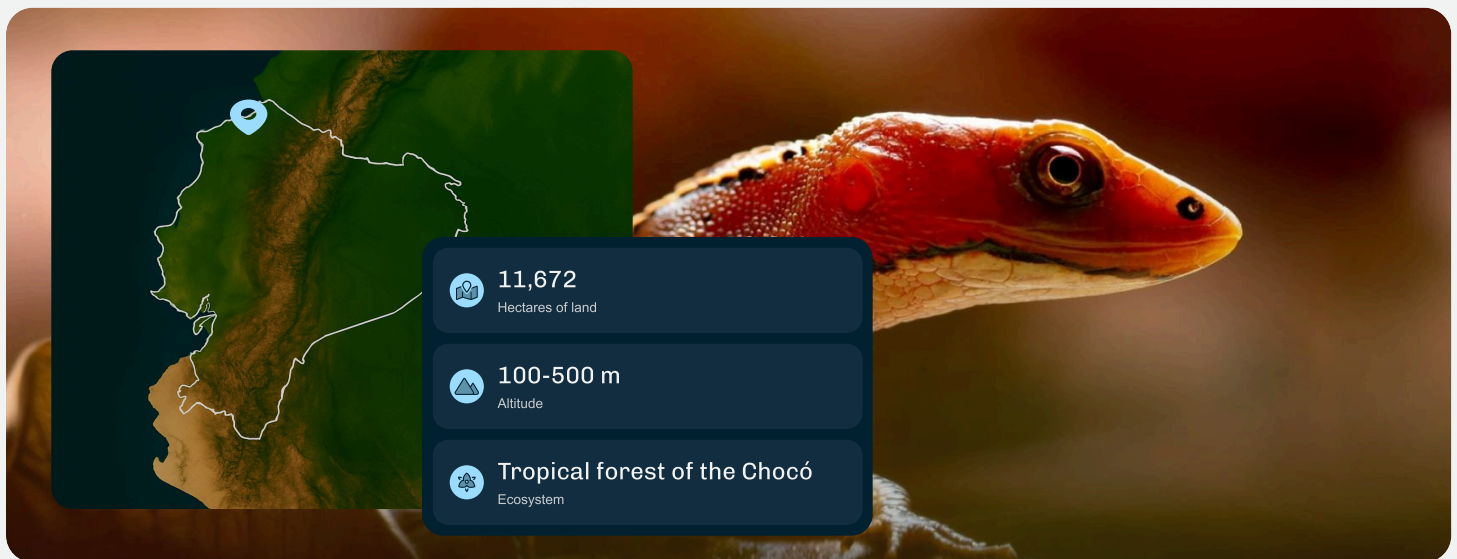
Supported by **Fundación Jocotoco**, the project works hand in hand with **local communities**, creating jobs, strengthening environmental education and building long-term stewardship.





Conservation

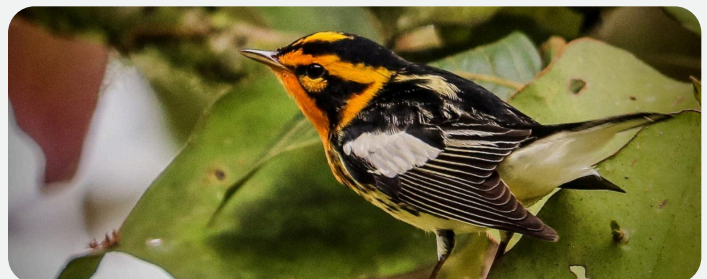
Narupa Reserve in Ecuador



Located on the eastern slopes of the **Ecuadorian Andes**, the **Narupa Reserve** protects one of the most biodiverse regions on Earth. Spanning over 6,000 acres of premontane tropical forest, it is home to around 300 bird species and wildlife such as pumas, ocelots and tapirs.

These forests are under increasing pressure from deforestation. Protecting Narupa helps create **ecological corridors** linking Sumaco National Park and Antisana Ecological Reserve, safeguarding habitats while preserving forests that act as important carbon sinks.

Supported by **Fundación Jocotoco**, the project works closely with local communities, creating job opportunities, strengthening environmental education and promoting long-term stewardship of these ecosystems.





 Restoration

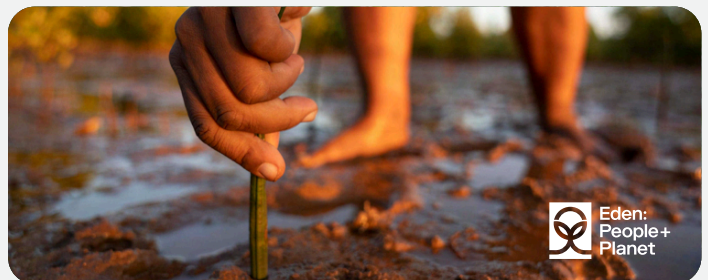
Marovolavo Planting Site in Madagascar



Set along the **Betsiboka estuary**, the **Marovolavo project** restores **vital mangrove ecosystems** that stabilise coastlines and provide shelter for rare birdlife, including Bernier's Teal and the Malagasy Sacred Ibis, alongside native crabs, shrimp, shorebirds and migratory species such as kingfishers, herons and egrets.

Mangroves are exceptional **carbon sinks**. Each tree absorbs ~12.3 kg of CO₂e per year, yet these habitats have been degraded by unsustainable farming, logging and charcoal production.

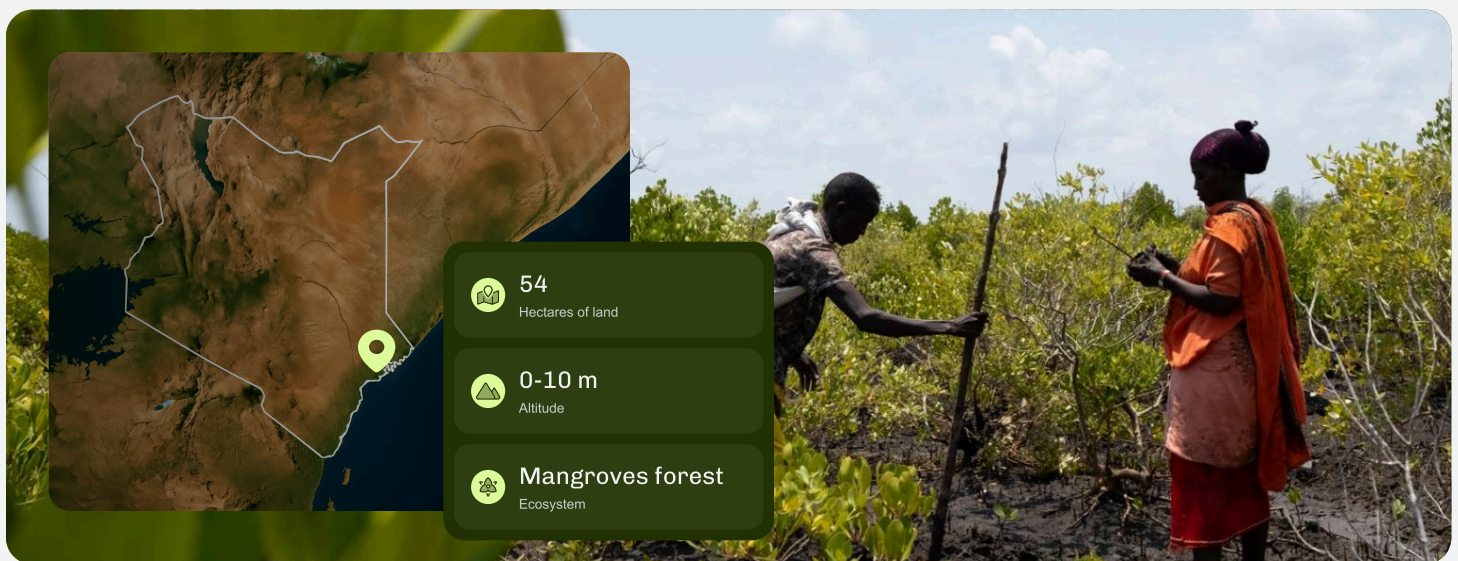
In partnership with **Eden Reforestation Projects**, thousands of seedlings are being planted and monitored, rebuilding natural defences and creating dignified, long-term work for local communities.





Restoration

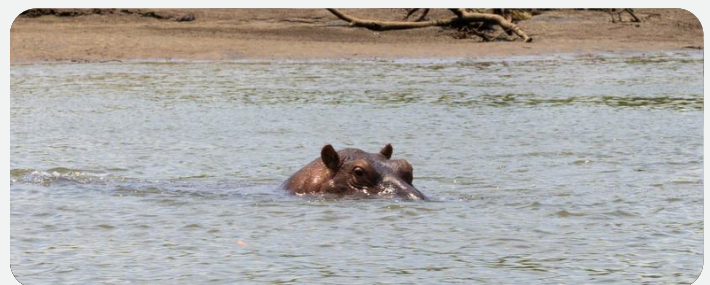
Tana River Delta Ramsar Site in Kenya




Set within **Kenya’s Ramsar-listed Tana River Delta**, one of East Africa’s most significant estuarine ecosystems, the project is restoring 500+ hectares of mangroves, a powerful blue-carbon sink. Each tree sequesters ~12.3 kg CO₂e/year, helping to reduce climate change, stabilise coastlines and reduce storm impacts.

The delta is **vital habitat for rare and migratory species**, including five marine turtles, distinctive fish communities, and endangered mammals such as the Tana River mangabey, African wild dog, elephant, hippopotamus, lion and Ader’s duiker, plus 600+ plant species.

As direct developer, **Green Future Project manages the full lifecycle** with local partners, creating jobs and ensuring long-term stewardship.





 Renewable Energy

Tamil Nadu Wind Farm




Wind energy plays a crucial role in the transition to a low-carbon energy system. The **Tamil Nadu Wind Farm**, with a capacity of 250 MW, **generates renewable electricity** for the grid and avoids an estimated 707,799 tonnes of CO₂e emissions each year, reducing reliance on fossil fuels and supporting climate change mitigation.

The project also brings economic and social benefits by creating **employment opportunities** for **local communities during both construction and operation**. At the same time, it contributes to strengthening renewable energy development in the region and helps reduce the electricity demand–supply gap in the state.






 Renewable Energy

Mahindra Solar Farm



 **Solar**
Renewable energy type

 **250 MW**
Installed capacity

Solar energy plays a key role in the transition to a low-carbon energy system. **The Mahindra solar farm** helps reduce greenhouse gas emissions by **generating renewable electricity** for the Indian grid, avoiding an estimated 389,911 tonnes of CO₂e each year and contributing to improved air quality in the region.

Beyond climate benefits, the project also creates economic and social value by generating **employment opportunities for local communities** and supporting the **development of infrastructure** such as roads, contributing to regional development.



The background of the image is a lush, green forest with a thick layer of mist or fog hanging between the trees, creating a serene and atmospheric scene. The lighting is soft, highlighting the textures of the foliage.

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